		PRIMAR	HOOL MUSCAT LY SECTION EXAMINATION		
SI	UBJECT: SCIENCE	WID TERM	NAME:		
SET C		STD: III SEC: ROLL NO:			
TEACHER'S SIGNATURE:			DATE: /	/ 18	
				MARKS:	20
I.	Choose the correct option	ı .			(3 marks)
1.	Which of these animal uses	s teeth to eat?			
	mosquito	butte	erfly	dog	
2.	What kind of front teeth do	es herbivores	have?		
	sharp and broad	small	teeth	sharp and pointe	ed
3.	What type of beak do wood	lpeckers have	?		
	long pointed beak	sharp poi	nted beak	broad flat beak	-
4.	Which of these feathers are	used for flyir	ng?		
	flight feathers	down fea	athers	body feathers	
5.	During which season do bir	rds migrate?			
	Summer	Wil	nter	Autumn	
6.	Which bird builds its nest o	on the ground?	•		
	duck	tailo	r bird	partridge	
II.	Name the following.				(5 marks)
1.	. It has a long sticky tongue	to catch insec	ts		
2.	. The beak which helps hero	n to eat fish.			
3.	. A parrot can crack open nu	its and seeds v	with its.		

4.	Needle like pipe to drink blood.	
5.	The bird that ties twigs and grass to make a nest.	
III	. Write True or False. If False, rewrite the correct statement.	(3 marks)
1.	All animals have same mouth parts.	
2.	All birds lay eggs.	
3.	Siberian cranes migrate to India during winter.	
4.	A cuckoo bird (Koyal) makes its own nest to lay eggs.	
IV	. Answer the following questions.	(3 marks)
1	. How does the long neck of a giraffe help in its feeding habit?	
2	. A parrot has two toes in front and two pointing at the back.	

V. Look at the diagram and answer the given questions.	(2 mar
1. Identify the bird .	M
2. What type of beak does it have?	
3. How is the beak useful to it?	A Paris
I. Give Reasons.	(2 mar
. What will happen if there are no plants on Earth?	

Birds build nest in places where it is difficult for us to see or reach.					
II. Differentiate between the following.	(2 mar				
Carnivores	Omnivores				
	D				
Flight feathers	Down Feathers				